

[Name]

[Course Title]

[Assignment Name]

[Date]

Mass Care and Emergency Sheltering

The article being reported on the topic ‘mass care and emergency sheltering’ is “NYC Seeking 14000 Hotel Rooms to Shelter Migrants through 2025 – As Housing Costs Set to Surpass \$2.3B” sourced from the New York Post. This article relates that mass care and emergency sheltering involve the provision of life-sustaining services in a secure, sanitary, and safe environment for individuals affected by disasters, discussing NYC’s broader strategy to manage the ongoing migrant crisis. These services include identifying facilities, supporting the transition of shelter residents like migrants, and providing essential services into longer-term housing solutions as NYC efforts to secure “14,000 hotel rooms to shelter migrants through 2025” (*Exclusive | NYC Seeking 14,000 Hotel Rooms to Shelter Migrants through 2025*).

The NY Post’s article also highlights the financial strain associated with these mass care and sheltering efforts, with total spending on migrant services through the temporary housing initiatives over three years reaching approximately \$5.76 billion. The projected cost of the housing initiative, as discussed in the article, is expected to surpass \$2.3B which may cause a significant financial burden on the City seeking sustainability and long-term feasibility of such practices. This is the reason why critics argue that the reliance on hotels, especially in tourist

districts, is not a feasible solution and that an alternative solution should be explored for the long-term effectiveness of mass care initiatives.

However, apart from NYC's initiatives for mass care, there are concerns about the financial impact and sustainability of these practices of mass care and sheltering as the high costs and the long-term reliance on hotels may not be viable indefinitely. While these practices of mass care and sheltering are accepted and necessary in the short term, there is ongoing debate about their long-term effectiveness and feasibility. Thus, the article raises the concern that there should be calls for more permanent solutions to address the root causes of the migrant crisis and to provide more stable housing options.

Based on the whole community approach, the article builds on strengthening community bonds and resilience, especially among migrants, as it mentions the involvement of the New York City Hotel Association which is working with the NYC to provide shelter space. This collaboration suggests a level of cooperation, collaboration, and acceptance from the hotel industry which benefits from the reliable revenue stream that is provided to the hotel industry by the city's contracts. These efforts reflect a commitment to humanitarian principles to manage the ongoing migrant crisis.

Contrary to the humanitarian implications, the article also highlights the broader implications of these mass care and sheltering practices for migrants in crisis, including the need for state-level intervention and the strain on the financial resources of the city. The financial burden, calls for alternative solutions, and the impact on the tourism industry highlight the complexities involved in providing mass care on such a large scale. With the city's administration in disarray and Mayor Eric Adams facing legal challenges, there is a dire need for

Governor Kathy Hochul to manage and take control of the migrant crisis management which indicates a recognition that the current approach of mass care may require oversight to be effective.

In conclusion, mass care and emergency sheltering practices are indeed being implemented and accepted as necessary measures in this context. The use of hotels as emergency shelters highlights the commitment of New York City to providing temporary and immediate housing solutions for migrants. Therefore, the “NYC’s Department of Homeless Services” is actively seeking contracts with hotels to provide rooms which indicates a structured approach to mass care. The acceptance of these emergency sheltering practices can be inferred from several aspects that are discussed in the New York Post’s article, especially the large-scale initiative underscoring New York City’s commitment to ensuring that migrants have access to temporary yet safe access to housing which is the fundamental aspect of the mass care.

Works Cited

Exclusive | NYC Seeking 14,000 Hotel Rooms to Shelter Migrants through 2025.

<https://nypost.com/2024/10/09/us-news/nyc-seeking-14000-hotel-rooms-to-shelter-migrants-through-2025/>. Accessed 20 Oct. 2024.